



GREENSTREAK GROUP, INC

Choosing The Right Waterstop



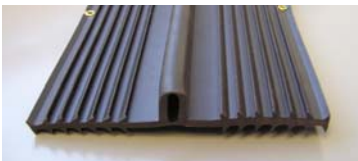
Hydrophilic (Swelling) Waterstops and Chemical Containment Structures

Hydrophilic strip applied waterstops are easy to install and effective in a variety of applications. However they have some limitations and should be used with caution in chemical and secondary containment installations. Designers should consider not only the chemical resistance of hydrophilic materials, but the degree and rate of swell of the waterstops during exposure to a media other than water. Embedded waterstops generally provide a more reliable seal against infrequent but sudden exposure to aggressive liquids.

[PVC waterstops](#) are resistant to a variety of chemicals, but many chemical containment structures require resistance beyond the capabilities of traditional waterstop materials. [Westec Barrier Technologies](#) offers a variety of waterstop materials to meet the demands of industrial and chemical applications. Greenstreak and Westec Engineers are available to discuss the needs for specific applications.



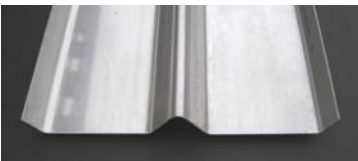
[PVC \(polyvinylchloride\) Waterstops](#) are resistant to many alkalis, acids and other waterborne chemicals.



[TPER \(thermo plastic elastomeric rubber\) Waterstops](#) are highly resistant to oils, solvents and aggressive chemicals and is not readily soluble in common solvents. TPER Waterstops are certified to NSF/ANSI Standard 61 for Drinking Water System Components.



[PE \(polyethene\) Waterstops](#) are Polyolefin Class plastics and have suitable resistance to alcohols, acids, bases, amines and alkalis.



[Stainless Steel Waterstop](#) is an alternative for use in severe chemical and high temperature containment applications.